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ISO 13503-2 SUITE
BASELINE FRACTURE CONDUCTIVITY &
PERMEABILITY
URALPROP 20/40 CERAMIC PROPPANT
SUPPLIED BY TREHGORNYY KERAMICHESKY ZAVOD LLC

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SUMMARY

A sample of proppant was provided for testing by TREHGORNY KERAMICHESKY ZAVOD LLC: URALPROP 20/40

Testing was carried out in accordance with the API RP 60 & 56 suite and ISO 13503-2 suite of tests, covering crush resistance, acid solubility, bulk density, specific gravity, sphericity and roundness, turbidity and sieve analysis.

The baseline conductivity and permeability tests of the sample were performed with a loading of 2lb/ft², at closure stresses of 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12kpsi, at 250°F and each maintained for 50 hours between Ohio sandstone.

A summary of results obtained from the API RP 60 & 56 and ISO 13503-2 suite of tests is tabulated overleaf. Long term baseline conductivity results are presented in the main report.

Photomicrograph is given in Appendix A.

Parameters		Uralprop 20/40
Crush Test (psi)	7500	$3.3 \pm 1.2\%$
	10000	$4.2 \pm 0.3\%$
Sieve Analysis (90% 20/40)		99.1 ± 0.1
Sieve Analysis (0.1% -50)		0.0 ± 0.0
Sieve Analysis (1% +16)		0.0 ± 0.0
Mean Size (mm)		0.573 ± 0.001
Bulk Density (g/cm ³)		1.78 ± 0.00
Specific Gravity		3.17 ± 0.03
Acid Solubility (%)		4.8 ± 0.0
Sphericity		0.9 ± 0.1
Roundness		0.7 ± 0.1
Turbidity (FTU)		38 ± 1

Table i: Summary of API RP 60 & ISO 13503-2 Test Suite on Proppant Samples

1. EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES

1.1 Specific Gravity

A dry density bottle, with stopper, is weighed (W_1). Approximately 30g of proppant is added and the bottle re-weighed (W_2). Mineral oil is added to cover the proppant and fill the bottle 3/4 full. The bottle is vacuumed to an absolute pressure of less than 30 mbar for approximately thirty minutes.

More oil is added to fill the bottle. The stopper is then placed in the neck. Excess oil is wiped off, being careful not to suck oil through the capillary in the stopper. The full bottle is weighed (W_3). The proppant and oil are disposed of and the bottle refilled with mineral oil only. The stopper is placed in the neck and the bottle dried and weighed again (W_4). This procedure is repeated.

The Specific Gravity is then given by,

$$(W_2 - W_1) / ((W_4 - W_3) + (W_2 - W_1))$$

1.2 ISO 13503-2 Methods

The following tests were performed in exact accordance with the ISO 13503-2 procedures. The relevant sections are as follows:

Section	Test/Procedure
5.2	Sample Splitting
6	Sieve Analysis
7	Sphericity and Roundness
8	Acid Solubility (tests run using 60% HF as source)
9	Turbidity
10.3	Bulk Density
11	Crush Resistance (with pluviator)*

Table 1: ISO Procedures

*Crush testing was carried out at pressures of 7500 and 10000psi.

1.3 Baseline Fracture Conductivity & Permeability

The Fracture Conductivity Cells allow for samples of proppant of various loading to be subjected to closure stress and temperature over extended time. Fluids are flowed through the pack and from differential pressure measurements the flow capacity of the pack can be determined. A schematic of the experimental set-up is given below. The cell is essentially a modified 10 square inch API conductivity cell.

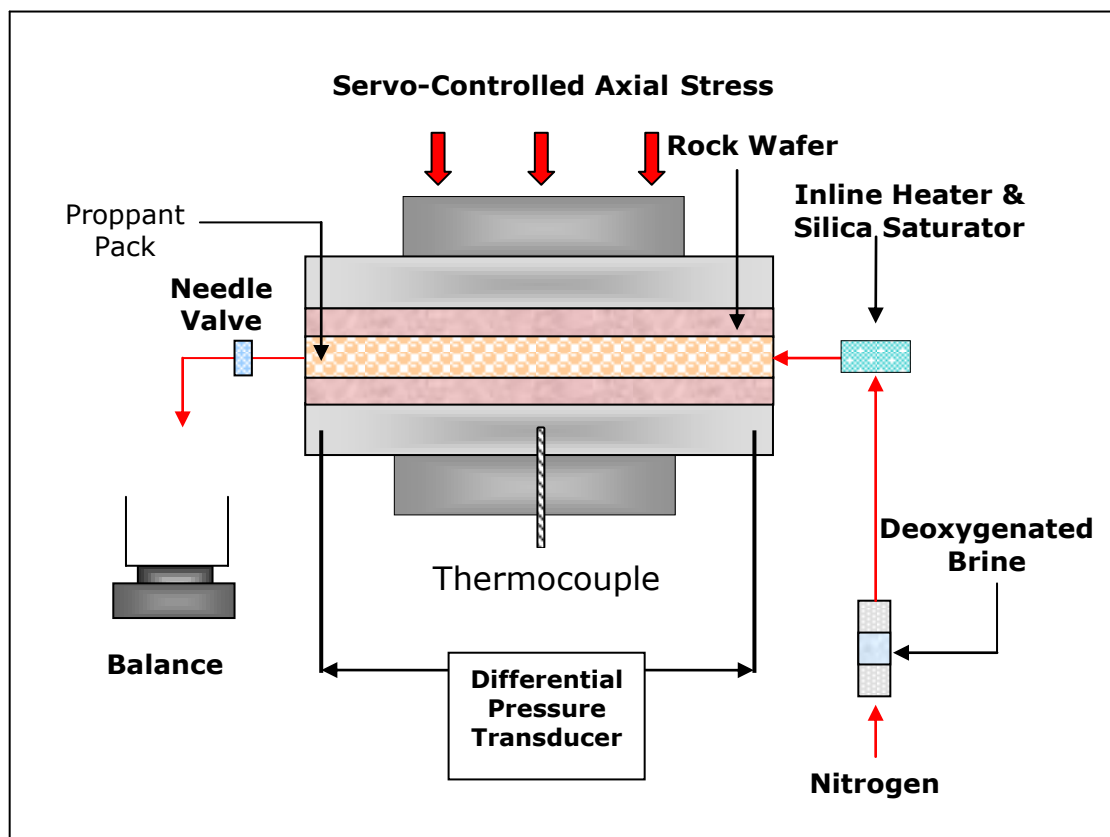


Figure 1: Configuration of Conductivity Cell

The test procedure is as follows:

1. Outcrop rocks are selected. For these tests, Ohio sandstone was used. Ohio sandstone has a static elastic modulus of approximately 4 million-psi and a permeability of 0.1mD. Wafers of thickness 9.5mm are machined to 0.05mm precision and one rock is placed in the cell.
2. The selected proppant is sample split and weighed out. Sample splitting ensures that a representative sample is achieved in terms of its particle size distribution.
3. In cell 1, the proppant is placed into the cell and levelled. The top rock is then inserted.
4. Heated steel platens provide the correct temperature simulation for the test. A thermocouple inserted in the middle port of the cell wall records the temperature of the pack. A servo-controlled loading ram provides the closure stress.
5. The cells were initially set at 80°F and 1000psi. The cells were then heated to 250°F and held for 15 hours at 1000psi before being ramped to 2000psi over 10 minutes. After 50 hours a set of measurements was made before the stress was ramped to 4000psi (total time: 115 hours).
6. Further measurements were made at 6000, 8000, 10000, and 12000psi, corresponding to a total time of 315 hours.

Conductivity measurements were made using the following procedure:

- i. A 70mbar full range differential pressure transducer is activated by closing the bypass valve and opening the low pressure line valve (the second valve is there to prevent fluid flow bypassing the cell itself while the d.p. bypass is open).
- ii. Flow is generated and maintained by a piston pump located downstream of the cell. The pump can control flow rates down to $10^{-5}\text{cm}^3/\text{min}$ with a resolution of 2mm^3 . Fluid is flowed at rates as specified by the ISO procedure. When the differential pressure appears to be stable, data is logged every second for a 3 minute interval. The output from the differential pressure transducer is fed to a data logger 5 digit resolution multi-meter.
- iii. The mean value of the differential pressure is retrieved from the multi-meter together with the peak high and low values. If the difference between the high and low values is greater than the 5% of the mean, the data is disregarded.
- iv. Temperature is recorded from the inline thermocouple at the start and end of the flow test period. If the temperature variation is greater than 0.5 degrees K the test is disregarded. Viscosity of the fluid is obtained from using the measured temperature and viscosity tables. For brine at 100psi, no pressure correction is made. The density of brine at elevated temperature is obtained from these tables.
- v. At least three permeability determinations are made at each stage. The standard deviation of the determined permeabilities should be less than 1% of the mean value for the test sequence to be considered acceptable.
- vi. At the end of the permeability testing, the widths of each of the four corners of the cell are determined using vernier callipers, to 0.01mm resolution.

2. RESULTS

2.1 Sieve Analysis

The result of the sieve analysis is tabulated below:

ASTM Mesh	Uralprop 20/40			
	% Proppant (A) by weight	% Proppant (B) by weight	% Average by weight	Standard Deviation
+16	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0
-16 +20	0.03	0.00	0.0	0.0
-20 +25	0.18	0.25	0.2	0.0
-25 +30	31.76	31.43	31.6	0.2
-30 +35	57.20	56.98	57.1	0.2
-35 +40	10.04	10.44	10.2	0.3
-40 +50	0.80	0.91	0.9	0.1
-50	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	
%20/40	99.2	99.1	99.1	0.1
Median Size(mm)	0.574	0.573	0.573	0.001

Table 2: Proppant: Sieve Analysis, Uralprop 20/40

2.2 Bulk Density & Specific Gravity

The results of the bulk density & specific gravity are tabulated as follows:

Sample No.	Bulk Density (g/cm ³)	Standard Deviation (g/cm ³)	Specific Gravity	Standard Deviation
Uralprop 20/40	1.78	0.00	3.17	0.03

Table 3: Bulk Density & Specific Gravity: Results

2.3 Acid Solubility

The results of the Acid Solubility are tabulated below:

Sample No.	Test No.	% Loss, by Mass	Average % Loss, by Mass	Standard Deviation % Loss, by Mass
Uralprop 20/40	1	4.795	4.8	0.0
	2	4.759		

Table 4: Acid Solubility Results

2.4 Sphericity & Roundness

Uralprop 20/40		
Sample Reference	Sphericity	Roundness
1	0.9	0.7
2	0.7	0.7
3	0.9	0.9
4	0.9	0.5
5	0.7	0.9
6	0.9	0.7
7	0.9	0.7
8	0.7	0.9
9	0.9	0.7
10	0.9	0.7
11	0.9	0.7
12	0.9	0.7
13	0.9	0.7
14	0.7	0.9
15	0.9	0.9
16	0.9	0.7
17	0.9	0.7
18	0.9	0.7
19	0.9	0.7
20	0.9	0.7
	Mean = 0.9	Mean = 0.7
	Standard Deviation = 0.1	Standard Deviation = 0.1

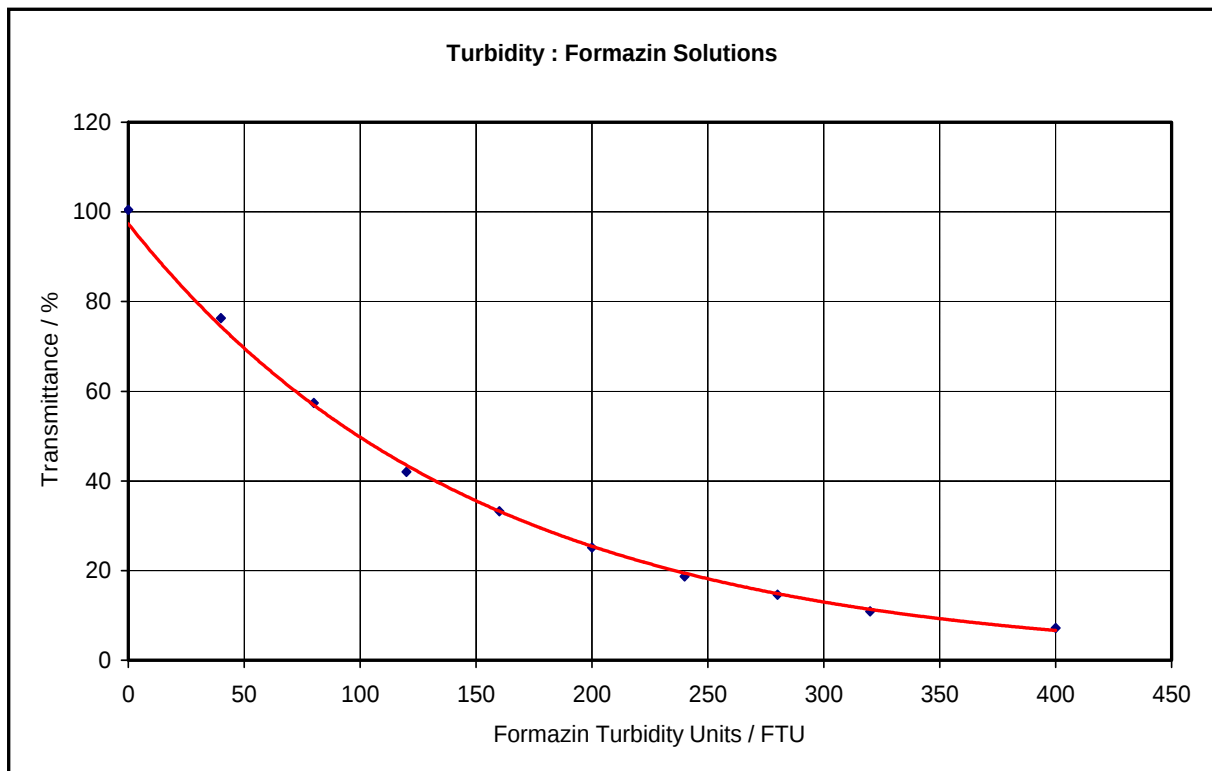
Table 5: Sphericity & Roundness

2.5 Turbidity

The following table and graph show the spectrophotometer calibration.

Solution/FTU	Transmittance/%
0	100.5
40	76.3
80	57.4
120	42.0
160	33.2
200	25.1
240	18.7
280	14.6
320	10.9
400	7.2

Table 6: Turbidity Calibration



Sample No.	Measured Sample Transmittance (%)	Turbidity (FTU)	Mean Turbidity (FTU)	Standard Deviation
Uralprop 20/40	77.6	38	38	1
	77.8	37		

Table 7: Turbidity Results

2.6 Crush Resistance

The results of the Crush Resistance tests are tabulated below:

Stress (psi)	Uralprop 20/40		
	% fines, by mass	Average % fines, by mass	Standard Deviation (% fines, by mass)
7500	2.38	3.3	1.2
	4.12		
10000	4.02	4.2	0.3
	4.48		

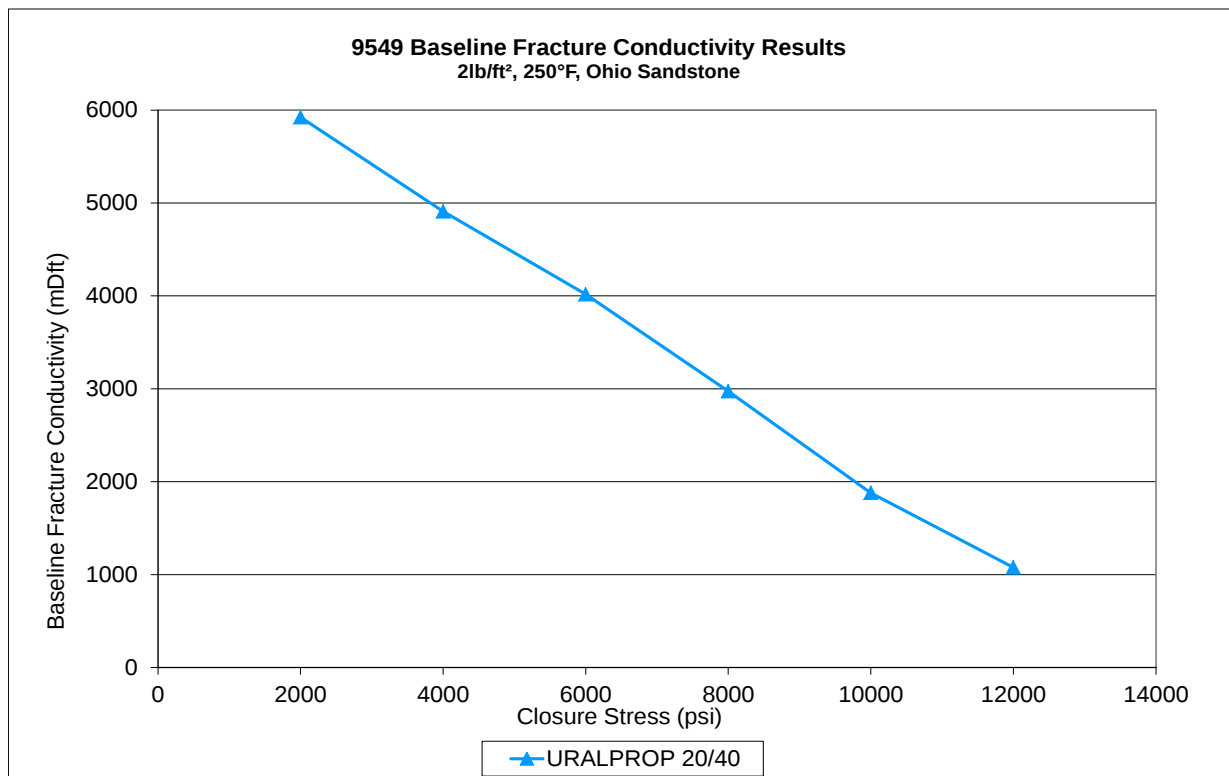
Table 8: Crush Resistance Results, Sample Uralprop 20/40

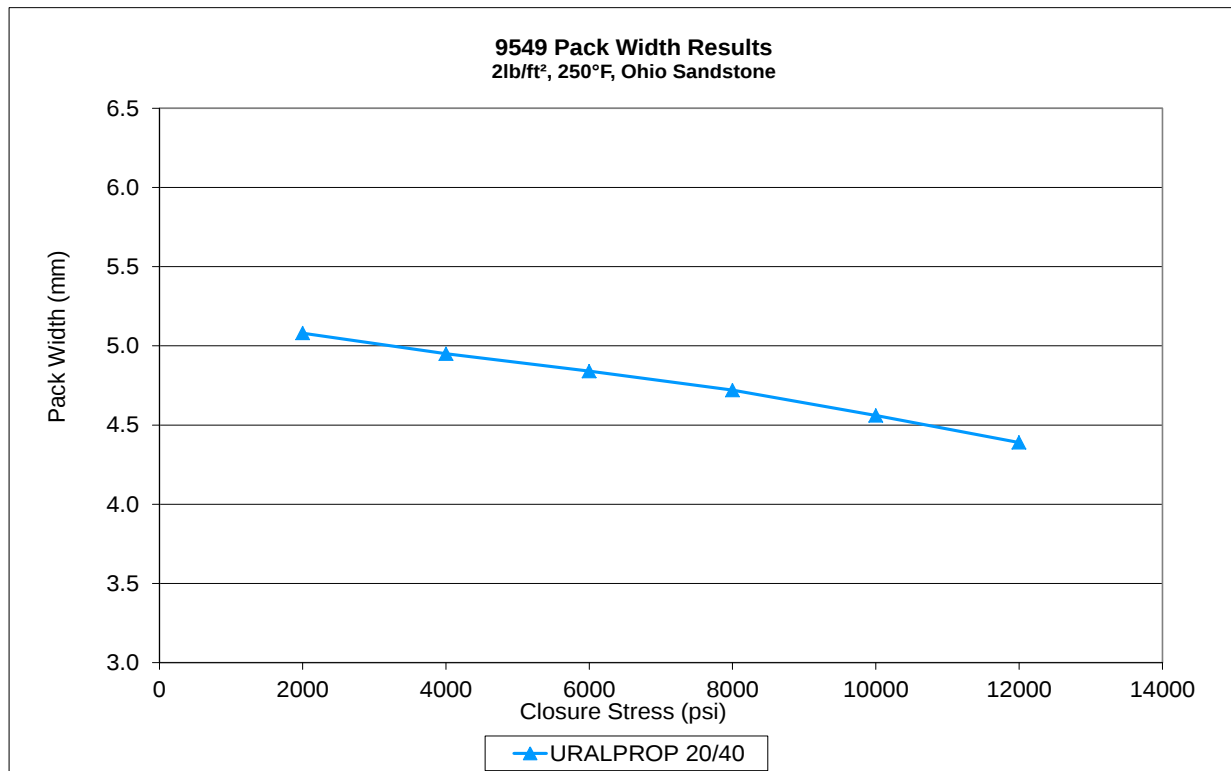
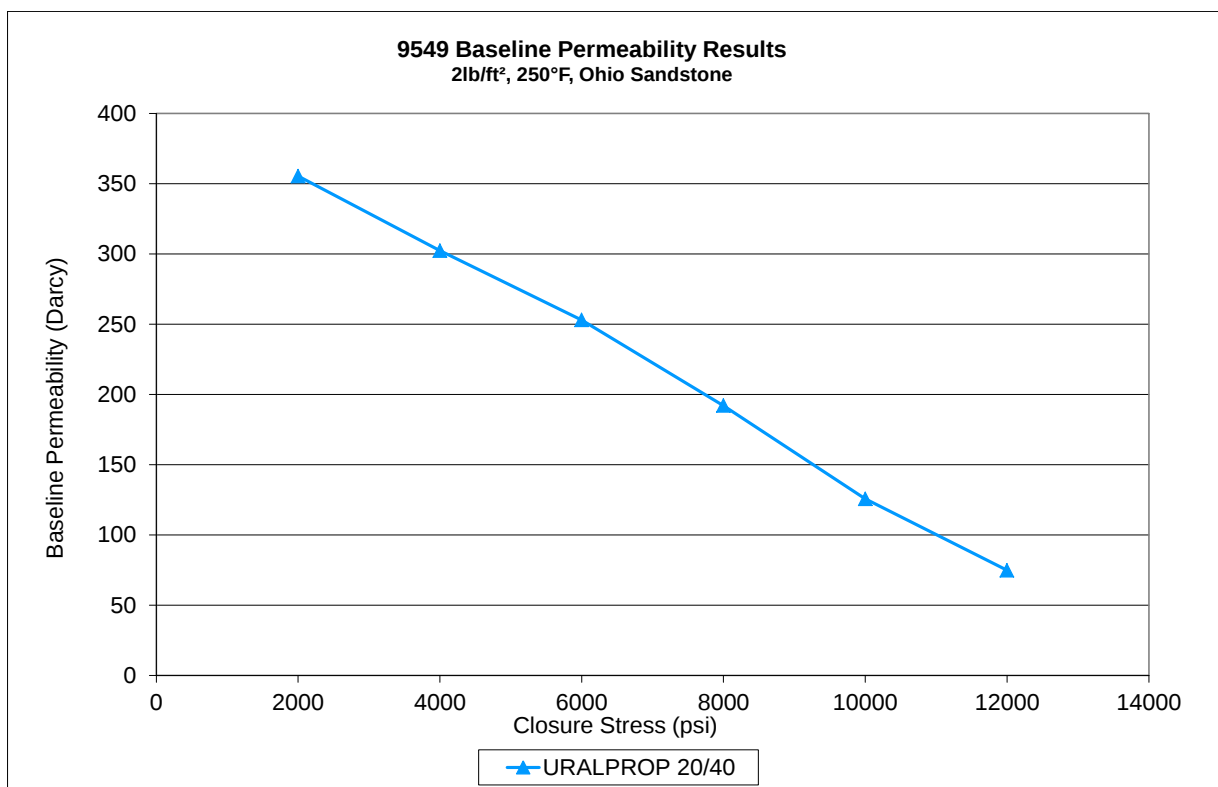
2.7 Baseline Fracture Conductivity & Permeability

The results of the baseline fracture conductivity; permeability and fracture widths are tabulated and plotted below.

Closure Stress (psi)	Uralprop 20/40		
	Baseline Fracture Conductivity (mDft)	Baseline Permeability (Darcy)	Pack Width (mm)
2000	5923	355	5.08
4000	4910	302	4.95
6000	4017	253	4.84
8000	2974	192	4.72
10000	1880	126	4.56
12000	1078	74.8	4.39

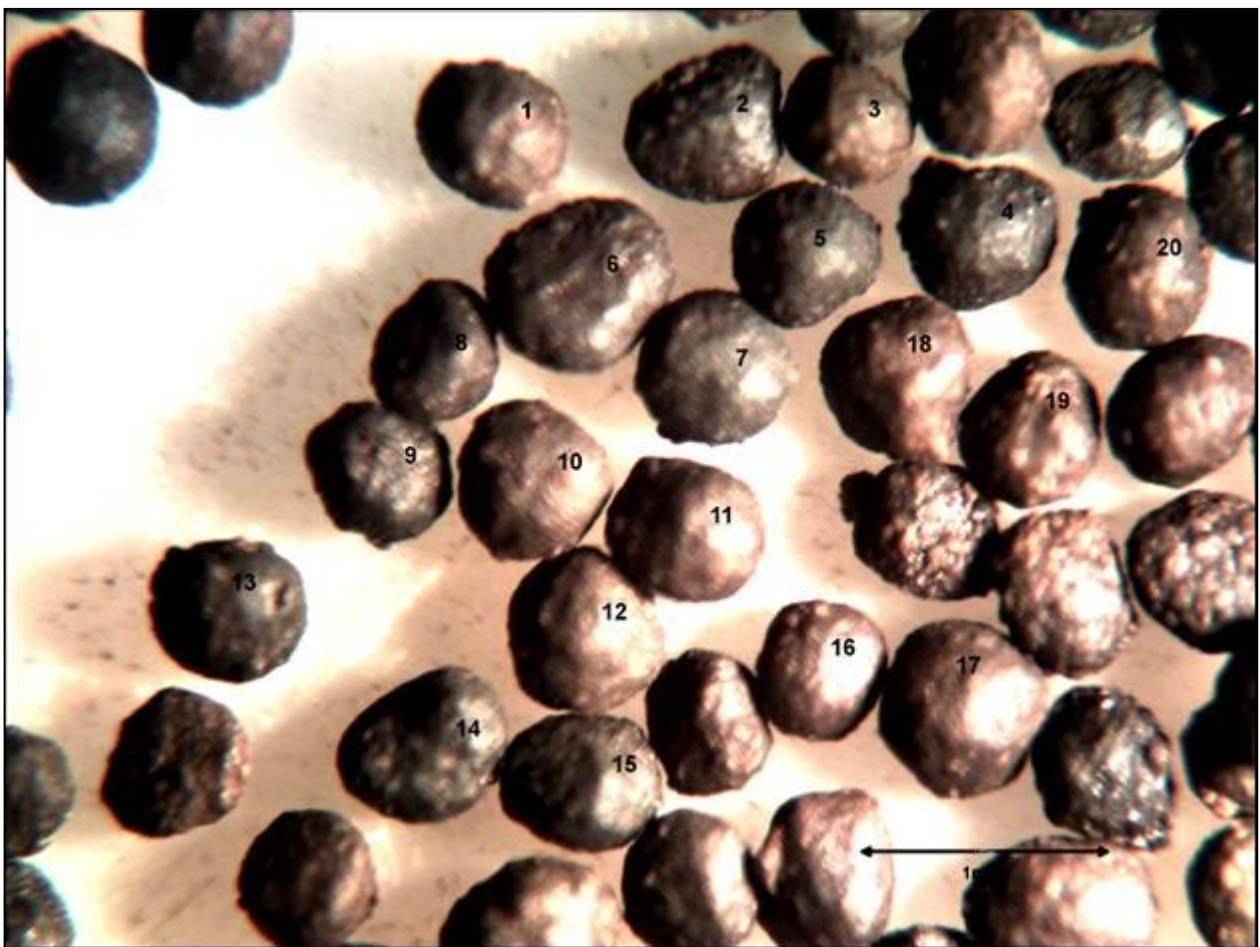
Table 9: Baseline Conductivity Results, 2lb/ft², 250°F, Ohio Sandstone





APPENDIX A

Proppant Photomicrograph



Uralprop 20/40 Proppant Sample